

Variation to the Seasonal Watering Plan 2025-26

This variation was made to Section 5.4.2 Goulburn Wetlands of the Seasonal Watering Plan 2025-26 by the VEWH Commission on 22 July 2025.

Variation to tables 5.4.4 and 5.4.5 of the Seasonal Watering Plan 2025-26

Amendments are shown in red text

Table 5.4.4 Goulburn wetlands potential environmental watering actions, expected watering effects and environmental objectives

Potential environmental watering action	Expected watering effects	Environmental objectives
Doctors Swamp (fill in late winter/spring 2025)	 Promote frog breeding opportunities (notably for the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Actlisted Sloane's froglet) Promote waterbird breeding opportunities (target species include Australasian bittern, musk duck and blue-billed duck) Maintain the Red Gum Swamp Ecological Vegetation Class 	A1 B1, B2 V1, V2
Gaynor Swamp (in natural conditions, inundate swamp, top-up[s] if required)	 Increase foraging and roosting habitat for breeding waterbirds, especially brolga Maintain water levels for waterbird chicks to successfully grow and become independent 	B1, B2
Horseshoe Lagoon (top-up to deeper pools only in late winter/spring 2025 [if required])	 Provide habitat for turtle populations Control exotic weeds 	71 V2
Kanyapella Basin (partial fill in late winter/spring 2025)	 Promote waterbird breeding opportunities; target species include royal spoonbill and ibis Maintain floristic diversity 	B1, B2 V1, V2
Loch Garry (fill in spring 2025 and autumn 2026)	 Protect targeted vegetation while minimising overflow to continue promoting the drawdown of deeper channels Provide refuge and habitat for freshwater catfish 	F1 V1
Molesworth billabongs (fill in winter/spring 2025 [Billabong A only])	 Provide refuge and habitat for flathead galaxias Maintain and improve native vegetation Control exotic weeds 	F1 V1, V2



 Table 5.4.5
 Goulburn wetlands environmental watering planning scenarios

Planning scenario	Drought	Dry	Average	Wet
Expected conditions	Catchment run- off and natural flow into the wetlands are highly unlikely	Catchment run- off and natural flow into the wetlands are highly unlikely	Some catchment run- off and natural flow into some of the wetlands are likely, particularly in winter/spring	Catchment run- off and natural flow into the wetlands are likely to fill or partially fill the wetlands, particularly in winter/spring
Potential environmental watering – tier 1 (high priorities)	 Doctors Swamp Horseshoe Lagoon Kanyapella Basin Loch Garry Molesworth billabongs 	Doctors Swamp Horseshoe Lagoon Kanyapella Basin Loch Garry Molesworth billabongs	Doctors Swamp Horseshoe Lagoon Kanyapella Basin Loch Garry Molesworth billabongs	Doctors Swamp Horseshoe Lagoon Kanyapella Basin Loch Garry Molesworth billabongs
Potential environmental watering – tier 2 (additional priorities)	 Horseshoe Lagoon Loch Garry 	Horseshoe Lagoon Loch Garry	Gaynor Swamp Herseshoe Lagoon Loch Garry	Gaynor Swamp Horseshoe Lagoon Loch Garry
Possible volume of water for the environment required to achieve objectives	• 4,270 ML (tier 1) • 3,170 ML (tier 1) • 600 ML (tier 2)	• 4,260 ML (tier 1) • 3,160 ML (tier 1) • 600 ML (tier 2)	• 4,260 ML (tier 1) • 1,000 ML (tier 2) • 3,160 ML (tier 1) • 1,600 ML (tier 2)	• 3,660 ML (tier 1) • 2,560 ML (tier 1) • 500 ML (tier 2)
Priority carryover requirements for 2026-27	• N/A			